OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

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ONE of the chief Arguments brought againſt the *Ariſtotelian Doctrine* of the *World's Eternity*, is the Improvements and Diſcoveries made in Arts and Sciences. Architecture, it is true, is ſaid to have admitted of no Improvements ſince the firſt Model of it, which was given in the Plan of *Solomon*'s Temple; it is therefore thought to have been of divine Original, and, perhaps, for that Reaſon it was figur'd by *Minerva* jumping compleatly arm'd from the Brain of *Jove*.

But if we ſurvey other Arts, how rude was their Original?—The Out-lines of a Body chalk'd out by the Shadow it projected on a Wall, gave Riſe to Painting: The alternate Sounds of the Blackſmiths Hammers at the Forge gave the Hint of Muſic: The Cravings of Hunger inſpir'd the beſt Poet we know of in Heathen Antiquity;—and how many Bards ſince have become truly poetical by *Diſtreſs*?

Were we to indulge this Speculation, and purſue it thro' all the Arts, it would lead us into a boundleſs Field.—All I ſhall obſerve is, that the ſtrongeſt Geniuſes have ever made the greateſt Progreſs towards the Perfection of their own Diſcoveries: Sir *Iſaac Newton* left his Syſtem in a greater Degree of Perfection, than, perhaps, it could have arrived to in ſome Ages, had not Heaven indulg'd that great Man in Health, Leiſure, and Length of Days. But how ſeldom has that been the Fate of other great Diſcoverers!

When the Reigns from *Charles* the Second to that of *George* the Second ſhall be founded in the Breath of Fame, Poſterity ſhall mention the uſeful Labours of *Philoſophers, renowned for Invention*, with the brighteſt Praiſes of *Heroes diſtinguiſh'd in Arms:* Neither are our own Days more illuſtrious for great Exploits in War, than for ingenious Diſcoveries in Arts; witneſs *Greek-Water, portable Soop*, and the *Engine which ſhaves ſixty Men at once.*

As to the firſt of thoſe Inventions, it is poſſible, its *Lawfulneſs* may be called in Queſtion by *ſound Divines*, who may think it encourages too much Security in Sinning. But in Anſwer to that, we are to obſerve, that we are now engaged in a War, and in quelling a Rebellion, which requires the full Exertion of all the Faculties both of Mind and *Body in our young Officers*. The Vigor with which they have undergone a *Winter* as well as a *Summer's Campaign*, could never have been ſupported, had they laboured under any of thoſe Venereal Conſequences, which were but too common before the Diſcovery of the admirable *Greek Water*. In this Light, therefore, the ingenious Inventor ſeems to deſerve the Praiſe, not only of a *great Phyſician*, but of a *true Patriot*; and, no doubt, will be tranſmitted as ſuch to lateſt Poſterity.

Add to this, that the Expences which a Subaltern is obliged to be at, even in the neceſſary Diſburſements for *Eatables, Drinkables*, and *Dreſs*, us'd to reduce him ſo low, that he actually could not ſpare Money enough to get himſelf *thoroughly rid of Favours from the Fair*; but *here*, for HALF A GUINEA, every *Soldier* ſhall be a *Mars*, and enjoy his *Venus* in *naked* Tranſports, with *uncheck'd, unſuſpecting*, and *unſuſpected* Raptures. Ye Moraliſts, with furrow'd Brows! ye Divines, with roſy Jolls! conſider, all is for the *Good*, all is for the *Honour* of our Country; I ſay, for the *Honour* of our Country. Is there a true *Engliſhman*, who does not wiſh that we ſhould get rid of every Thing that is *French?* Is there a *virtuous Patriot*, who does not wiſh, that we ſhould enjoy *ſound*, as well as *Broad bottoms?* But that is not all.

For when public Spirit, like a Cherub divinely bright, in the Years 1745 and 1746, deſcended from above; when the Eloquence of the *Counter* vy'd with that of the *Cuſhion*; and when ſcarcely a Sound could be heard but that of SUBSCRIBE! SUBSCRIBE! Then, as I learn from a Record, (*a*) not leſs authentic than Father *Graham*'s Letter, and the Duke of *Perth*'s Speech, the Votaries of *Venus* aſſembled in awful Divan to conſult how they might be of Service in cruſhing the Rebellion. Many Projects were propoſed, but that of the *Veteran* was at laſt pitch'd upon as their beſt Model. They had ſeen or heard that this laudable Scheme was ſufficient to furniſh to our Soldiers, 12,000 Shirts, 15,000 Pair of Breeches, 16,500 Pair of Stockings, 10,000 Woollen Caps, 12,000 Pair of Gloves, 9,100 Pair of Woollen Ancle Spatterdaſhes, and 1000 Blankets. Thus Safety and Comfort were provided for every Member, but for one, more important than all the reſt, and as worthy a Veteran's Care, but perhaps reſpectfully omitted by him, as belonging more properly to the Province of his Siſter Patriots.—A Religion enjoining Pennances, Virginity, and Nunneries, could not be enough deteſted by the Siſterhood, and therefore with a public Spirit, worthy of their Order, and equal to that of the *Roman Flora*, a Subſcription was opened for ſending down a ſufficient Quantity of that ſupplemental Cloathing, which alone was wanting to armour Troops againſt *all Injuries* in the Wars either of *Mars* or *Venus*. But, alas! to the Grief of all true Abhorrers of Popery and the Pretender, I can ſcarcely write for Tears, the Cargo, as I have heard, went down by Sea, and was ſeiz'd by a *French* Privateer.

From this fatal Accident, the Reader may judge of the Merit of the learned Doctor who invented this *Greek-Water*, which renders even Armour vain, and according to his own Advertiſement has obtained *his Majeſty's Patent*?

The next Invention, I have mentioned, is that of a portable Soop; a Diſcovery which never can be enough admired, for its Uſefulneſs, either upon a tedious March thro' a bad Country, or during a long Debate in either H——ſe.—*Young Soldiers and Senators, indeed*, it may be ſaid, *ought not to be encourag'd in ſuch Luxuries*. I will not take upon me that Diſpute; but we are to conſider that the great Exploits of our old G——ls in ſuppreſſing the preſent Rebellion, could never have been performed without their having ſomewhat comfortable in their Stomachs, which are naturally more cold than thoſe of young People. Let me, therefore, preſume to throw in mine, amongſt other Hints, to the Public, and to ſuggeſt, Whether it would not be right to open a Subſcription for a ſufficient Quantity of portable Soop to be bought up for the Uſe of our old G——ls, who ſhall be again employed in fighting againſt the Rebels; and that one, or more proper Nurſes, ſhould be provided, to take Care they ſhould always have it *hot and hot*, and in *due Time*, that they may not be again ſurpriz'd, *while they are at Dinner*?

The laſt Invention, tho', as King *Lear* ſays, not the *leaſt*, is that of the *Engine for ſhaving ſixty Perſons at one Time*. I own, I know ſo little of the Machine itſelf, that I don't comprehend whether it is or not one of the *Laputa* Kind, and an Improvement of thoſe many admirable ones deſcribed by that Author for Government. Be that as it will, and whether we are to underſtand it in a natural or political Senſe, it is certainly a Diſcovery of the laſt Importance; ſince the Genius which was extenſive enough to invent this Method, may be well ſuppos'd capable of contriving a Method of ſhaving the whole Nation at once. It is true, there may be ſome Difficulty in adapting the Razors to the particular Feeling of the ſeveral Cuſtomers, who are to undergo the Operation; ſome require more keen and delicate Edges than others, each according to the Texture and Tenderneſs of his Skin: A plump *B*—— *D*——*r* will bear a great deal before he winces, one of the Trading Companies may be treated with more Addreſs, and SHAVED with a finer Edge; the *Weſt Indians*, and their Merchants in particular, have been ever remarkable for the Tenderneſs of their Skins, and have been even lately noted for blunting the Razor of a very *cunning Shaver*. But, above all, ſome of the C———n C——lmen, and ſome of the A——men of the City, are very apt to ſhrug, and have been known to break out of the Barber's Shop half ſhav'd, rather than undergo the Roughneſs of his Operation. Some Regard likewiſe ought to be had to the Complexions of the *Welch* and *Scots*, who are very often very thin and tender skinn'd; but as to the Law and Divinity, ſome of their Profeſſors are ſo habituated to your *Shave for a Penny, and bleed for Six-pence Men*, that they can bear to be almoſt flea'd without making one *wry Face*. I ſhall likewiſe recommend to our Artiſt, that he have a particular Regard to the Faces and Heads of the *Weſtminſter* Independents, who, I hear, are next *Monday* to celebrate the Deliverance which they wrought to themſelves out of the Hands of the archeſt Shaver that ever ſnapt a Finger.

I ſhall, as I have often done in former Papers, conclude this with a Story with an Appl cation, but not to the preſent Times. A certain Gentleman [illegible] ſo tender, and ſo difficult to ſhave, that h[illegible] Shop of a noted Barber with a Sword d[illegible] Hand, and in the other, a Guinea, w[illegible] him, if he would undertake to ſhave h[illegible] ting him, in which Caſe the Cuſtomer [illegible]

1640

(*a*) *See a Pamphlet intitled*, The Highlander Salivated, *printed for* Cooper.

herty to run him through the Body. The Fellow accepted the Conditions, and perform'd his Operation as fafely as if his Razor, Soap, and Lather had been right M——l. When all was over, fays the Gentleman, *Are you not a greedy, thoughtleſs Son of a B——ch, for a Guinea to riſque being run through the Guts? Why, an't like your Honour*, repay'd the Fellow, *that's true; but I conſidered, that if I had drawn Blood of your Honour, your Honour's Sword was not ſo near my Guts, as my Razor was near your Throat*

The People of *England* have ever been ſhav'd with great Difficulty, and when too roughly handled, have ſometimes demoliſhed the Operator, who always performed as he performed. But may never the Time come, when a Standing Army ſhall, like a Razor in the Hand of Government, be nearer to the Throats of the People, than the Sword of Juſtice is to the Head of a Miniſter!

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

HOLLAND.

Hague, Feb. 22, *N. S.* By Letters from Brabant arrived hiere laſt Poſt, the French had made an Attempt upon Fort Monteroy with a Detachment of Two or Three Thouſand Men; but had met with ſo much Oppoſition, that they drew off again with conſiderable Loſs. The Prince of Waldeck marched Yeſterday from Mechlin towards Bruſſels, with all the Troops he could get together. This Morning the Council of State pronounced their final Sentence upon Colonel Appius, and the reſt of the Dutch Officers under Proſecution for Misbehaviour at the Battle of Fontenoy, and declar'd them all Cowards, (the Dutch Term is *Schelm*, the heavieſt Note of Infamy that can be inflicted upon any military Perſon who is left to live) baniſhed them for ever, under Pain of Death, out of the Seven Provinces, and the Diſtrict of the Generality, with Confiſcation of their Goods, Effates, &c.

Williamſtadt, Feb 23. We have Advice here by M. Chalmers, Lieutenant in Sconen's Regiment in this Service, that this Morning at Nine o'Clock he had met with, and ſpoke to the Major of Naſſau's Dragoons, late of the Garriſon of Bruſſels, who had told him, that he was ſent Expreſs to the Hague by General Vander Duyn, to bring the States the News, that on the 19th the Garriſon of Bruſſels had capitulated: That the Condition were, that the Garriſon was to be Priſoners of War, their Arms to be depoſited in the Arſenal of Bruſſels, 'till they were exchang'd; the Baggage belonging to the Garriſon was to be ſent to Antwerp, Breda and Maeſtricht. The Britiſh Horſe-Guards and Horſe Grenadier Guards are on board, and the Blue Guards are now embarking

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Feb. 13. The Weather has been as ſevere as has been known for many Years, which occaſions an Impoſſibility for the Troops to lie without the Cover of Houſes; and as yet they remain at Perth, tho' Detachments are marched to Dunkeld, Crief, Coupar, &c. His Royal Highneſs the Duke omits no Opportunity of ſeizing important Paſſes, and cantoning the Army in ſuch a proper Manner, as at once to ſecure the Soldiers from the intolerable Cold, and to diſtreſs the Rebels.

The Patroles, which are very numerous, bring in Priſoners every Day, but we do not hear of any of Diſtinction; the whole Piquets are advanced ſeveral Miles, and keep ſuch a good Look-out, that the Rebels can draw no Subſiſtance from the Low Countries.

The Heſſians are now landed, and cantoned in this City, and the Neighbourhood; they are allowed to be as fine, well-cloathed, and diſciplined Troops as were ever ſeen in this Country. ——— A Party of the Huſſars march'd up the High Street, and made a fine Appearance.

Several Veſſels, with Proviſions, &c. are ordered Northwards.

By all Accounts, the Rebels continue to diſperſe.

Coupar of Fife, Feb. 6. The Magiſtrates of this Burgh having received the joyful News of the Rebels being put to Flight by his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, and that he was in Purſuit of them, went to the Croſs, accompanied by the Town Council, the Sheriff Depute, and ſeveral other Gentlemen, and at a great Bonfire drank the Healths of his Majeſty King George, the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, the Duke of Cumberland, the Generals of his Army; the good Succeſs of his Majeſty's Forces by Sea and Land againſt all his Majeſty's rebellious Subjects, and other Enemies whatſoever, with ſeveral other loyal Healths, and afterwards went to a Tavern, where theſe Healths were repeated. The Day concluded with numerous Bonfires, Illuminations in the Windows, and ringing of Bells, with the greateſt Demonſtrations of Joy and Thankfulneſs for ſuch a happy Event.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Newcaſtle, Feb. 15. We hear by ſome Sailors arriv'd here, lately of the Crew of the Hazard Sloop of War, who have been Priſoners ever ſince ſhe was taken at Montroſe by the Rebels, that, during their Confinement there, Lord Elcho came into the Jail, and offered them three Guineas a Man to inliſt into the Pretender's Service, but was anſwered by a general Silence; that the French Man of War of 36 Guns, which lately bulged againſt ſome Rocks near Montroſe, lies there a mere Wreck, with all the Guns on Shore, which will fall into the Duke's Hands; that they were afterwards removed from Montroſe Jail to that of Perth, where, on the Approach of the Duke's Army, and the Rebels flying, the Jail Doors were opened to them, and they, with ſeveral more Priſoners, about 100 in all, were ſet at Liberty.

On Thurſday laſt about 20,000 l. in Caſh was ſent from this Town for Scotland, for the Army, eſcorted by a Party of Dragoons.

It is expected that the Dutch and Swiſs will be embarked at Shields, for Holland, in a few Weeks.

Extract of a Letter from Berwick, Feb. 12.

"The Day the Rebels left Perth they were ſelling fine broad Swords for 6 d. apiece, and ſome for 2 d. and other Arms for what the People would give them, and pleading hard for Lowland Coats to run off in; and that the King's Army was actually in Poſſeſſion of all their Artillery, both what they brought from abroad, and what they had got ſince. When they went from Stirling, they were ſo confounded at hearing of his Royal Highneſs's Approach, that ſending for their Smiths to ſhoe their Horſes, they went off with them half done, and half not done. His Royal Highneſs paſſed thro' Edinburgh in the Earl of Hopton's Coach, attended with vaſt Numbers of the Populace, beſides Nobility and Gentry. As his Royal Highneſs mounted his Horſe about a Quarter of a Mile from that City, the Populace loading him with Bleſſings, he took off his Hat, and returned them Thanks in a moſt obliging Manner, telling them he was in great Haſte, at which they gave a loud Huzza, and then he ſaid, *Farewel for this Time my dear Friends*; and ſaid to the Nobility and Gentry round him, Shall we not have a Song: At which, he ſtretched out his Hand, and ſprang his Horſe to a full Gallop, with, *Will you play me Fair-play, Highland Laddie, Highland Laddie*, &c. &c. an old Scots Song, which gave a great Satisfaction to the Auditors. Laſt Night our Jail was broke, and ſeveral Priſoners, both for ſtealing, and ſuppos'd Rebels, which have been here ſome Time, made their Eſcape, amongſt whom was a Kelſo Man who wants a Noſe, one who had been with the Pretender, and alſo a Highland Boy, who was after General Cope's Battle ſent for a Spy, and had formerly broke Jail, and was retaken in a Malt-Mill; and he only, amongſt all that got away, was this Morning again taken. The Duke of Cumberland is ſtill at Perth."

York, Feb. 11. The Aſſizes for this City and County begin on the 10th of March next.

This Week ſeveral Deſerters from the Rebels arrived here, who have all the Duke of Cumberland's Paſs.

It is aſſured from Perth, that the Rebels left all their Cannon, and a great many Small Arms there; and that the Country People have taken 4000 Stand of Arms, and made 300 of the Rebels Priſoners: That there are 63 ſent to Edinburgh, amongſt which are Miſs Jenny Cameron, two Nonjuring Parſons, and a Servant of Judge Graham's, who, he ſays, was bribed to aſſaſſinate the Duke.

We hear a Spaniſh Ship is taken at Peterhead, on board of which was nine Tons of Powder, three Cheſts of Money, and ſeveral Small Arms.

They write from Berwick, that the Duke of Perth, and 500 of his Men, are taken by the Argyleſhire Highlanders; and that the Heſſians arrived at Leith laſt Saturday.

On Monday laſt about 16 Mules, eſcorted by a Party of the Duke's Huſſars, arrived here with his Royal Highneſs's Baggage, &c. which ſet out on Wedneſday Morning for Scotland.

His Majeſty's Sloop the Ferrit, Capt. Douglas, lately from Oporto, was attack'd off the Lizard by a French Ship of 20 Guns, nine Pounders, which came cloſe up with her, and after demanding in Engliſh whence ſhe came, poured in a Broadſide: The Sloop, which has but eight Carriage Guns, four Pounders, returned the Compliment in the handſomeſt Manner ſhe could: The French Ship being a nimble Sailor, ſhot a-head, and came up, and fired a ſecond Time cloſe on the Larboard-Side, which gave the Ferret an Opportunity of diſcharging all her great Guns, Swivels, and Small Arms together, which, with the Addition of three hearty Huzza's, made the Frenchman change his cloſe Manner of attacking, into a Cannonading at ſome Diſtance, which laſted three Hours, and then he made Uſe of the Advantage he had of a clean Bottom, and left her to purſue her Courſe. The Sloop was but juſt returned from a long Cruize, in which ſhe had taken a Spaniſh Bark, and a ſmall French Privateer: And the Behaviour of the Men was ſuch, as makes it highly probable that they would have taken this Ship, if ſhe had not greatly damaged their Rigging, and out-ſail'd them.

LONDON.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Montroſe, Feb. 9. The laſt of the Rebel Army left this Place Yeſterday at Noon; it is judged their Rout is for Aberdeen. All to the Southward of this Place is now clear of them. It is generally thought the Pretender's Son was here, a Perſon having been brought into this Town, and kept very privately all Friday Night laſt, and having moved off before Day-light on Saturday Morning. The Party here conſiſted of about 100 Gentlemen, fifty of what they call the Life-Guards, twenty Huſſars, about 150 private Men, with Lord Elcho. Lord George Murray lodged three Miles from this Place on Thurſday Night laſt, and the ſame Day Lord Pitſligo paſs'd by Brechin, and moſt of the common Men, excepting thoſe of the Clans, went that Road. There were not above 25 of the Men which came from France, that returned from Stirling, and ten of thoſe remain here in order to throw themſelves at the Feet of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland. This Afternoon at Four o'Clock two Ships came to an Anchor at about the Diſtance of half a League from this Place, one of which is ſuppos'd to be Admiral Byng.

Dunkeld, Feb. 9, *at Night*. By a Countryman juſt now returned from Dalnacardoch, who had been carrying Baggage for the Rebels, there is an Account, That on Friday Night laſt about 1000 of the Clans, with about forty Gentlemen on Horſeback, fifty Baggage Horſes, together with all the Priſoners carried from Falkirk, who were in a miſerable Condition, ſome wanting Shoes and Stockings, arrived at Dalnacardoch in their Way towards the North: That Yeſterday their Artillery, with about eighty Cart Load of their Baggage, was carried off from Blair, and that it was given out that they were driving them to Ruthven in Baddenoch: That Yeſterday in the Afternoon Lochiell, and ſome other Gentlemen, march'd Northwards: That very few Men remained about Blair, but what belong'd to Lord Lewis Gordon's Regiment: That the pretended Prince, and a Number of Gentlemen, continued at Blair this Morning, when the ſaid Countryman left that Place. All the Men preſſed out of this Country have already made their Eſcapes, and are returned Home. The Rebels as yet continue to keep out Guards as far as down the Paſs of Killychranky.

Perth, Feb. 10. By Advices from Montroſe, the French, and a Number of Rebels, making together 700, upon ſeeing the Impoſſibility of getting from thence by Sea, as Admiral Byng watched them ſo cloſely, (after nailing and ſpoiling ſome Cannon which they could not carry from thence by Land) marched to Aberdeen and Peterhead. It is not quite certain, whether the Pretender's Son is actually at Blair, or incognito with his other Party that is gone from Montroſe, but whatever the Reaſon of it is, the Rebels give out that he is every Day hunting and hawking at Blair. The Duke of Athol has publiſhed a Declaration, requiring all his Vaſſals to come to Dunkeld and Kirk Michael, and join the Troops that are to be ſent thither to diſarm and apprehend the Rebels, on Pain of their being proceeded againſt with the utmoſt Severity in caſe of Refuſal. Yeſterday General Campbell came hither to meet his Royal Highneſs the Duke, and brought with him four Companies of Weſtern Highlanders. Since writing the above, certain Intelligence is come in, that the Rebels had retir'd from Blair upon our two Detachments taking Poſt at Caſtle Menzle and Dunkeld. It is now to be hoped, that they are fully prevented from forming a Corps any more, as we ſhal have Poſſeſſion of Blair, which is the firſt Place where they can rendezvous. Major General Campbell is to be ſent to the Weſtern Highlands, whilſt his Son remains here with about 600 Highlanders to go upon Parties. As ſoon as we can lay up our Magazines of Bread, we ſhall march Northwards by the Coaſt, to be more at Hand to ſend Detachments into the Hills,

as it will be impoſſible for the whole Body to go that Way.

Whitehall, Feb. 18. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint Col. Robinſon Sowle, to be Colonel of his Majeſty's Marine Regiment of Foot, late under the Command of Major General Lowther, deceas'd.

Colonel William Graham to be Colonel of the Regiment of Foot, late under the Command of Col. Robinſon Sowle.

Lieutenant Colonel Kennedy to be Colonel of the Regiment of Foot, late under the Command of Col. William Graham. And

Major General William Blakeney to be Lieutenant-Governor of his Majeſty's Town and Citadel of Plymouth, in the room of Lieutenant-Governor Gybbon, deceas'd.

From the London Gazette *Extraordinary.*

Antwerp, Feb. 24. The Blockade of the Town of Bruſſels began on the 29th of laſt Month, and the Trenches were opened upon the 3d Inſtant. The Breach was made upon the 18th, between the Gates of Laken and Sharbeck; and the Horn-Work having been attack'd upon the 19th, at Four in the Afternoon, the Chamade was immediately beat, and the Colours of the Swiſs Regiment of Conſtant were hung out. The whole Garriſon ſurrender'd Priſoners of War, and is to be conducted without Arms to Arras, Liſle, Douay, and Tournay; the Horſes of the Cavalry and Dragoons are confiſcated. The French have as yet taken Poſſeſſion of only the Flanders Gate, but the whole Garriſon marches out of the Town To-morrow. The Bombs and hot Bullets fell upon the Works and the Houſes near the Ramparts, on the Side where the Attack was made, but the Center of the Town was not damaged. We reckon that the Garriſon loſt about 800 Men, and that the Loſs on the Part of the Beſiegers amounts to about 2000.

Glouceſter, at Anchor off Montroſe, Feb. 10. The Hazard Sloop ſailed from Montroſe the 27th of laſt Month; and by what we have been told from the Shore ſince our being here, we are inclined to think that ſome body of Note went off with her; for it is well known, that between Two and Three in the Morning of the 27th there came to Montroſe, from Dundee, a cloſe Chaiſe with two Gentlemen in it, one of them much muffled up, and embarked immediately on board the Hazard; and no body was afterwards ſuffered to go on Shore from her, or to go on board her; and great Preparations were making of Proviſions of all Kinds, and laid in before ſhe ſailed; and from the Wind ſhe ſailed with, we imagine ſhe went directly for France, for it was contrary for her going to the Northwards; and the Day after ſhe ſailed, we had a violent Storm at N. and N. W. which muſt have driven her away to the Southward, if ſhe had not been bound that Way. Capt. Balfour, of the Bridgwater, has burnt the Spaniſh Privateer which he found ſometime ago in the ſmall Port of Peterhead, having firſt taken out the Captain and 35 Men. The Captain of her reports, that there are four or five Sail more on their Paſſage, with Arms and Ammunition, that are to go to ſome Port on the Weſt Coaſt of Scotland, where he ſhould have gone, but the Weather proved ſo very bad, as to oblige him to come North-about, and his Pilot brought him to Peterhead.

Glouceſter, at Anchor off Montroſe, Feb. 12. We have received Advice from Montroſe, that all the Rebels have left that Town, and are marched Northwards to Aberdeen, except ſome Parties that haunt about in the Neighbourhood, particularly at Stonehive, a fiſhing Town about 14 Miles to the Northward of Montroſe. Before they left this Place, they ſpiked up all their Cannon, except four 6 or 9 Pounders, which they embarked on board of two Boats to be carried to Aberdeen, to fortify the Bridge of the River Dee, where they give out they will make a Stand againſt the King's Troops. One of the Boats ſailed with two of them on Saturday laſt, the Day before we came here; and the other, upon our anchoring off the Port, finding it impoſſible to get out, landed them again upon the Beach: And as the Town is every Night alarmed with the Return of theſe Vagabonds, and being uncertain of the Time when his Royal Highneſs's Troops would march this Way, it has been thought moſt adviſeable, for preventing Diſturbances, to order Capt. Gore on Shore with 50 Marines, to take Poſſeſſion of the Town, till ſuch Time as his Royal Highneſs ſhall think proper to ſend a Detachment from his Army to relieve him. The Admiral will ſend likewiſe into the Harbour his Majeſty's Sloop the Saltaſh; which will not only ſecure a Retreat to Capt. Gore, if the Rebels ſhould return in any Numbers, but prevent any landing from the French in that Harbour, if we ſhould be blown off by bad Weather, or be drawn off by Chance.

Laſt Night we ſent in both our Tenders manned and arm'd, with our Firſt Lieutenant, with Orders to ſpike up thoſe two Guns that lay on the Shore, and two more that were at the Croſs, and to diſmantle all the Ships and Veſſels that lay in the Port, in ſuch a Manner, as to render them incapable of going to Sea, which is all completed.

Montroſe, Feb. 12. Juſt now we are informed, that the Body of Rebels that was at Aberdeen, march'd from thence Yeſterday, in three Diviſions, and took three different Roads, all leading Northwards. They had no Artillery with them. The two great Guns they ſent from this Place by Sea, were not come to Aberdeen when they were off. Their Baggage was ſent away the 10th. Lord Elcho, who ſeemed to be indiſpoſed, marched, with ſix Horſemen in Company, Southwards, and paſſed at the Bridge of Dee, two Miles on this Side of Aberdeen, but whither is not known. All the Artillery and Ammunition, landed out of the Spaniſh Ship at Peterhead ſometime ago, has been ſent Northwards: and the Town of Aberdeen has been obliged to pay them 500 l. The Number of Rebels at Aberdeen did not exceed 2000, but it was impoſſible to get it exactly.

Perth, Feb. 14. His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, who is ſtill here, has ſent forward a Brigade, conſiſting of Three Battalions of Foot, and a Regiment of Dragoons; the former to Couper of Angus, and the latter to Dundee.

Our Army is in good Health and Spirit. The Duke of Athol is gone to take Poſſeſſion of Blair; where Sir Andrew Agnew is already with 500 Men. We know not where the Pretender's Son is; but we have a Report of his paſſing thro' Ruthven.

This Moment we hear from Aberdeen, that the Rebels are gone from thence Northwards.

Admiralty-Office, Feb. 20. On the 9th Inſt. at Four in the Afternoon, Capt. Stevens, in his Majeſty's Ship the Portland, engaged the Auguſt, a French Ship of War of 50 Guns, and 470 Men; and after two Hours and a half cloſe Action, ſhe ſtruck, having 50 Men killed, and 94 wounded; and all her Maſts ſo ſhatter'd, that they went by the Board; and is towing into Plymouth. The Officers and Men behaved with the greateſt Gallantry. Capt. Stevens has Three Seamen and Two Marines kill'd; and Seven Seamen and Six Marines wounded; his ſtanding and running Rigging almoſt ſhot away; ſtanding Maſt and Foretop-maſt wounded, but not diſabled; and Main-Yard quite deſtroy'd.

Extract of a Letter from Perth, Feb. 14.

" We have the Satisfaction of receiving hourly News of the Deſertion of the Rebels, inſomuch that the Pretender's Son has not one thouſand Men with him; thoſe he has are gone to Lochaber, and there are 2000 of our Foot in Purſuit of them, beſides the Argyleſhire Men. This Morning marched from hence four Regiments of Foot, and one of Dragoons: They croſſed the River Tay here, and are marching to Dundee, and from thence down the Coaſt towards Montroſe, where Admiral Byng has landed ſome Sailors, and has taken Poſſeſſion of that Town. Now they can get no Succeſſors from France, as the Coaſt is all ſecured, ſo we may conclude the next Step the Rebels will make will be up the Ladder. We conclude his Royal Highneſs will go no farther North. General Bland commands the Detachment that march'd this Morning.

On Saturday laſt the Scaffolding was taken down from the fine Monument, erected by Mr. Cheere on the South Side of Weſtminſter-Abbey, in Memory of the late Sir John Chardin, the great Traveller, who died in the Year 1712. Under the Arms of Sir John on a Scroll, is this Motto, alluding to the Honour he acquir'd by Travelling, viz. *Nomen ſibi fecit eundo*; and under the Globe, Quadrant, Compaſs, Maps, Books, &c. put in Manner of Trophies, is Sir John Chardin, and lower, *Soli Deo Gloria*; and at the Bottom of the Monument, *Reſurgam:* All theſe Characters are put in Braſs Letters gilt, fixed into the Marble in a beautiful Manner, reſembling the ancient monumental Inſcriptions. This ſplendid Monument is done at the Charge of his Son, the preſent Sir John Chardin, of Kempton-Park, in the County of Middleſex, Bart.

BANKRUPTS.

Edward Preſtridge, late of Camilford, in the County of Cornwall, Dealer and Chapman.

James Monk, late of Boſton in New England, but ſince of London, Merchant.

Benjamin Grant and William Manby, of Scarborough, in the County of York, Flaxdreſſers and Partners in Trade.

John Croxen, of Southminſter, in the County of Eſſex, Draper, Grocer and Chapman.

For the EYES,

The ſo much fam'd CHYMICAL LIQUOR,

WHICH at once infallibly cures all Inflammation, Bloodſhot-Sorenеſs, and Weakneſs of the EYES, Defluxions of ſharp Humours Dimneſs of Sight, Specks, Films, or beginning Cataracts and that after all other Means have fail'd, and without cauſing the leaſt Trouble or Uneaſineſs in uſing.

It directly heals and cures all Manner of Soreneſs of the Eyes in Children or grown Perſons, tho' of many Years ſtanding, be it either of the dry, itching and ſmarting Kind, or moſt Rheumy or Watering, and whether proceeding from the Evil, or any other Diſtemper.

It effectually takes away all Specks, Films, or incipient Cataracts to Admiration, as alſo all Flies, or Gnats, that ſeem to ſwim before the Sight; it wonderfully ſtrengthens the Optick Nerves, comforts the Eyes; immediately removes all Dazzling and Dimneſs, clearing the Sight, and infallibly preſerving it ſtrong and good to exceeding old Age.

Hundreds who were ſo very dim-ſighted for ſome Years, as ſcarcely able to diſtinguiſh any thing, and imagin'd their Age to be the Occaſion, have been perfectly and almoſt inſtantly cured by it, ſo as to read the ſmalleſt Print without Spectacles: and for Opthalmies or Sore, Bloodſhot, or Rheumy Eyes, no Medicine upon Earth can come near it, Thouſands of Men, Women, and Children, have been cured by it of the very worſt ſort almoſt upon the Spot, and Gentlemen's have been prevented in Abundance, who had tried all other Remedies in vain, inſomuch that it may be almoſt accounted a miraculous Remedy.

No Family ought to be without it, nor ever will, after they have had but one Day's Experience of its admirable Efficacy.

It is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Hayton-Yard in the Minories London, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle with printed Directions.

An infallible Cure for BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *and* IMPOTANCY *in* MEN; *By* SUPERLATIVE ENLIVENING DROPS;

Which in a few Days render both Sexes Prolifick in a moſt wonderful Manner.

HUNDREDS of LADIES who were deemed incurably barren, and very many who thought themſelves too old to bear Children, have immediately conceived after taking three or four Doſes of them only; and vaſt Numbers of Gentlemen, by taking them, have preſently become capable of propagating their Species who before, through either Imbecility or Age, imagin'd it impoſſible.

They almoſt inſtantly renovate the vital Ferment of the Blood and Juices, reſtify the languid State of all the Fluids, rouſe, fortify, and increaſe the Spirits, invigorate the Nerves, reſtore juvenile Warmth, and cauſe a ſparkling Gladneſs and ardent Courage to flow in the Heart, and expand itſelf through the whole human Syſtem, ſo aſſentibly to enliven and invigorate all the animal Faculties, and cure roborate or ſtrengthen the whole Body, as well as the Parts appropriated to Generation, and do infallibly cure Barrenneſs in one Sex, and Impotency in the other, from what Cauſe ſoever proceeding, as Thouſands have experienced.

They are alſo pleaſant to take, are Cordial to the Stomach, procure an Appetite, and cauſe a good Digeſtion, beyond any thing known in the World. And are to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand At 5 s. the Bottle, with Directions.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1734, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovelaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicine were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together inhumane

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to a Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s. 6 d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3 s. 6 d.

Through God's Mercy and Infallible Cure for that raging Disease the SCURVY,
[illegible] arrived to the highest or most intricate [illegible] many Years standing, and that without any [illegible] the least Fearing, which, by an unaccountable [illegible] always found rather to encrease [illegible] in secret.

The most universal and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

[illegible] the worst Scurvy, Contempt, [illegible] Distempers, [illegible] at the true Cause of the Scurvy, [illegible] Yellows, and all Scorbutick Humours and Effects, Root [illegible] from the Bones to search again, as many Thousands of both [illegible] and all who take them in Three Days [illegible] almost infinitely after the morbid State [illegible] purify the Blood, sweeten all the Humours, cleanse them [illegible] entirely expel the whole Habit from all Spots, [illegible] Marks, Pimples, Eruptions or Breakings [illegible] Weakness of the Limbs, Lassitude, Heaviness of the whole Body, [illegible] Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of [illegible] by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under [illegible] the Imitation, and many other Distempers.

[illegible] the Stomach, immediately creating a good [illegible] regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all [illegible] of the first Passages, (whence proceed [illegible] and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any [illegible] on Earth can compare with them; infomuch that [illegible] the Scurvy in all its Shapes and Appearance, [illegible] entirely cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms [illegible] Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases [illegible] occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the [illegible] Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and [illegible] Distempers.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient [illegible] with new Life and Vigour to the Admiration, and are good for all Constitutions, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

For the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant [illegible] DROPS have to universally gain'd among Persons of Distinction, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and [illegible] Scorbutick Humours, and other Chronick Distases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones [illegible] affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, the Fever to Scorn, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and [illegible] effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted [illegible] any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

[illegible] the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing the Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and thus some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(*Son in Law to the late Mr* JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed his Business*)

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-against Norfolk-Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London.*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the same Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the lowest Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c. may let their Servants or Labourers, Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewise sells to the Ladies all Sorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH, with every thing necessary for the New Japanning, and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greatest Perfection; to shute that buy Colours. Also Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varnish.

He deals only for READY MONEY.

His House faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel Sweet, in the Strand.

The so-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels; which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other, almost innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these so much fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Crofs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 2s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions, at large.

An infallible and instant Cure for DEAFNESS *THICKNESS of* HEARING, *PAIN, or* NOISE *in the* EARS, *&c. By the true, chymical, specifick* DROPS.

WHICH infinitely excel all other Medicines ever offered to the Publick, or known in the whole World; for they directly cure Deafness, be it ever so bad, or of ever so long standing, and all Thickness of Hearing and Noise in the Ears, almost at once; and that after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble of the least Uneasiness, as many Thousands have experienced.

They Effectually remove all Pain occasioned by Cold, strengthen the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerve from Obstruction, and infallibly cure all Defects of the Hearing Faculty almost in an Instant; causing those to hear exceeding quick and well, who were before in a Manner totally deaf.

Hundreds who were not able to hear a Drum when beat close by them, and therefore despair'd of being ever reliev'd, have been immediately and perfectly cured by them, to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, they may absolutely be depended upon for the direct and infallible Cure of DEAFNESS proceeding from what Cause soever; but the great Esteem and Reputation they have deservedly gained for many Years past, have occasioned (as usual in such Cases) many Counterfeits to come Abroad. Beware therefore of such Impositions. These chymical and only true Specifick Drops being by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at the Gentlewoman's, at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with Directions, and no where else in England.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumpiton of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumptions which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the most stubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weaknesses and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to and immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

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